

 **SOCIAL SCIENCE**

 **Geography Chapter-2 Physical Features of India**

**GRADE: 9 Worksheet Date:04/08/22**

**1.The Northern Plains has been formed by the interplay of three major river systems, namely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .**

**2.The formation of the Northern Plains of India is a result of extensive**

**3.The most continuous range consisting of the loftiest peaks with an average height of 6,000 metres is known as the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .**

**4.Name the western and the eastern edges of the Deccan Plateau.**

**5.The part lying between Tista and Dihang rivers is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .**

**6.Name the mountain ranges located in the eastern part of India.**

**7.The valleys lying between Lesser Himalayas and the Shiwaliks are known as the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .**

**8.The hills of Purvanchal or the Eastern hills are composed of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .**

**9.Due to the deposition of silt, the rivers in their lower course split into numerous channels, known as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .**

**10.What are barchans?**

**11. Which is the highest peak in India?**

**12.The largest delta in the world is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .**

**13.Which two hills are in the southeast of the Eastern Ghats?**

**14.What do we mean by the term „Bhangar‟?**

**15.What is the name of the part of the Himalayas lying between the Kali and the Teesta rivers?**

**16.What do you understand about the term “peninsula”?**

**17.Name the Indian state where Kanchenjunga is located.**

**18.What do you understand by „duns‟?**

**19.Which plain is the „food bowl‟ of India?**

**20.What is the shape of the Deccan Plateau?**